SDG 13 - TAKE URGENT ACTION TO COMBAT CLIMATE CHANGE AND ITS IMPACTS

INTERNAL ACTIONS:

- measure CO2 emissions related to business activities; provide for external inspections of CO2 emissions; establish strategies for reducing emissions; set goals to reduce short and long-term CO2 emissions, with specific indicators; offset the CO2 emissions that cannot be eliminated;
- adopt certified environmental management systems;
- gradually decrease the use of fossil fuels and replace them with renewable energy;
- invest in sustainable technologies and those with lower CO2 emissions;
- integrate the culture of combating Climate Change in the supply chain, by requiring suppliers to adopt certification and environmental policies, and calculating their CO2 emissions;
- raise awareness and train employees, suppliers and interest groups on Climate Change;
- promote sustainable mobility;
- define energy efficiency criteria for the use of renewable energy, reduce emissions and increase resilience against environmental disasters for corporate facilities and plants and throughout the supply chain;
- use natural resources and raw materials efficiently, as well as recycled or reused materials and reduce waste;
- respect the ecosystems and biodiversity, to avoid negative impacts in the places where the firm operates;
- implement management plans for the risks associated with natural disasters, in terms of prevention, response and recovery throughout the value chain.

EXTERNAL ACTIONS:

- use corporate products and services to find solutions to Climate Change. For example, a company in the energy sector could do so through the use of renewable energies such as biomass or geothermal sources;
- implement awareness-raising campaigns;
- promote and focus on sectoral approaches on Climate Change, to find common and shared solutions and practices for each industrial sector;
- invest in research development and innovation to find new solutions to climate change;
- dialogue with public institutions and other firms on the issue, sharing information, tools and best practices;
- support the participation of the private sector in international negotiations on climate change;
- support the UN Global Compact’s “Caring for climate” venture, created to guide firms in the fight against climate change;
- implement development cooperation projects aimed at mitigating the consequences of climate change on the world’s population, especially for those in vulnerable situations;
- enable public-private partnerships with NGOs, universities, the public sector and other firms in order to work together to preserve the climate.